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Gallatin City-County Health Department

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Weekly Communicable Disease Report June 6, 2022

Gallatin County Communicable Disease Report Week 21 (5/22/2022- 5/28/2022)

This section contains diseases diagnosed in Gallatin County, not all diseases were contracted in Gallatin County.

Reportable		Non-Reportable	
329	COVID 19	13	Strep
2	Campylobacteriosis		
12	Chlamydia		
1	Cryptosporidiosis		
1	Giardiasis		
1	Hep B, chronic		
26	Influenza A		
1	Influenza B		
1	Latent TB Infection (LTBI)		
1	Salmonellosis		
1	Strep pneumoniae, invasive		
2	Syphilis, primary or secondary		
9	Animal Bites		

PLEASE CALL 406-582-3100 during business hours or after hours 24/7 call Sheriff's Dispatch at 406-582-2100 ext 2 and ask to page the Health Department

Summary of MMWR Week 21 for the state of Montana:

- **Enteric Diseases:** Campylobacteriosis (17), Cryptosporidiosis (3), Giardiasis (1), Salmonellosis (6), Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC) (2)
- **General Communicable Diseases:** Metal exposure, mercury (1), Latent TB infection (LTBI) (3)
- **Hepatitis:** Hepatitis B, acute (1), Hepatitis B, chronic (1), Hepatitis C, acute (2), Hepatitis C, chronic (24)
- **STD/HIV:** Chlamydia (70), Gonorrhea (25), HIV/AIDS (1), Syphilis, primary or secondary (6)
- **Vaccine Preventable Diseases:** Influenza hospitalization or death (2), *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, invasive (4), Varicella (Chickenpox) (1)
- **Zoonotic diseases:** Rabies, post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) (4)

Monkeypox: The CDC and WHO are tracking several Monkeypox cases in the US and worldwide that have been reported in areas that do not normally report monkeypox. To date, there have been no suspect cases of monkeypox reported in Montana. DPHHS urges healthcare providers to be alert for patients who have rash illnesses consistent with monkeypox, regardless of whether they have travel or specific risk factors for monkeypox and regardless of gender or sexual orientation. Healthcare providers are requested to report suspect cases to your local health department. There are several resources that may be helpful to identify patients that may be suspect for monkeypox: [DPHHS/CDC HAN message](#), [CDC monkeypox infection prevention and control \[cdc.gov\]](#), and the [CDC Clinical Outreach and Communication Activity \[emergency.cdc.gov\]](#) call on monkeypox, including [slides \[emergency.cdc.gov\]](#) which contain graphic photos of monkeypox rash and other STI rashes.

COVID Variant Update: DPHHS is monitoring sublineages of the Omicron variant, including BA.2 which was first detected in Montana on January 30, 2022, BA.2.12.1 which was first identified in Montana on April 19, 2022, and BA.4 first identified in Montana on May 4, 2022. In the past four weeks, 100 sequences have been reported to GISAID—56 (56%) BA.2, 42 (42%) BA.2.12.1, and 2 (2%) BA.4. Please note only 13 positive samples were collected the week ending May 28, 2022 that were sequenced and reported to GISAID.